Amendments to the Claims/Listing of Claims:

Please amend claims 38, 39 and 40, cancel claims 3 and 7, and add new claims 43-44 as follows. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Original) An adhesive composition comprising at least one maleimidecontaining monomer, optionally at least one cure initiator, and a plurality of spacers constructed from one or more organic polymers.
- (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein said spacers are substantially spherical.

3. (Cancelled)

- 4. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim, wherein said spacers have a particle size in the range of about 0.1 mils up to about 15 mils.
- 5. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein said organic polymers are substantially uncrosslinked.
- 6. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein said organic polymers are polymerization products of optionally substituted ethylenically unsaturated monomers.
 - 7. (Cancelled)

- 8. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein said organic polymers are polymerization or copolymerization products of (meth)acrylates.
- 9. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein said organic polymer is polymethylmethacrylate.
- 10. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 9, wherein said polymethylmethacrylate has a molecular weight in the range of about 50,000 up to about 1,500,000.
- 11. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 9, wherein said polymethylmethacrylate has a molecular weight in the range of about 400,000 up to about 500,000.
- 12. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein said maleimide-containing monomer has the following structure:

$$x \leftarrow N$$
 R
 m

wherein:

m = 1-6.

each R is independently selected from hydrogen or lower alkyl, and X is a monovalent moiety or a multivalent linking moiety.

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- 13. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 12, wherein said monovalent moiety or multivalent linking moiety is selected from
 - (I) straight or branched chain alkyl, alkylene, oxyalkylene, alkenyl, alkenylene, oxyalkenylene, ester, or polyester, optionally containing substituents selected from hydroxy, alkoxy, carboxy, nitrile, cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl,
 - (II) siloxanes having the structure:

each R is independently defined as above, and each R' is independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl or aryl, m' falls in the range of 1 up to 10, n' falls in the range of 1 up to 10, and q' falls in the range of 1 up to 50,

(III) polyalkylene oxides having the structure:

$$-[(CR_2)_r-O-]_{q'}-(CR_2)_{s'}$$
 or $[(CR_2)_r-O-]_{q'}-(CR_2)_{s'}$

wherein each R is independently as defined above, r falls in the range of 1 up to 10, s falls in the range of 1 up to 10, and q' is as defined above,

(IV) aromatic moieties having the structure:

$$-Ar - [(C)_{0,1}-O-(CR_2)_i]_{u} \quad Or$$

$$Ar - [(C)_{0,1}-O-(CR_2)_i]_{u}$$

wherein each R is independently as defined above, t falls in the range of 2 up to 10, u is 1, 2 or 3, and Ar is as defined above, or

wherein

Z is O or NR, wherein R is hydrogen or lower alkyl,

(V) urethanes having the structure

wherein:

each R_1 is independently hydrogen or lower alkyl, each R_2 independently is an alkyl, aryl, or arylalkyl group having 1 to 18 carbon atoms;

R₃ is an alkyl or alkyloxy chain having up to about 100 atoms in the chain, which chain may contain aryl substituents;

X is O, S, N, or P; and

v is 0 to 50,

(VI) aromatic moieties having the structure:

$$Z = O - (C)_{0,1} - Ar$$

wherein

each Ar is a monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted aromatic or heteroaromatic ring having in the range of 3 up to about 10 carbon atoms,

n is 1 up to about 50, and

Z is selected from:

straight or branched chain alkyl, alkylene, oxyalkylene, alkenyl, alkenylene, oxyalkenylene, ester, or polyester, optionally containing substituents selected from hydroxy, alkoxy, carboxy, nitrile, cycloalkyl or cycloalkenyl,

siloxanes having the structure:

$$-(CR_2)_{m}-[Si(R')_2-O]_q-Si(R')_2-(CR_2)_{n}-$$
wherein

each R is independently defined as above, and each R' is independently selected from hydrogen, lower alkyl or aryl, m' falls in the range of 1 up to 10, n' falls in the range of 1 up to 10, and q' falls in the range of 1 up to 50, polyalkylene oxides having the structure:

$$\hbox{-[(CR$_2)$_r$-O-]}_{q^{\text{!-}}}(CR$_2)_s\hbox{-}$$

wherein each R is independently as defined above, r falls in the range of 1 up to 10, s falls in the range of 1 up to 10, and q' is as defined above, aromatic moieties having the structure:

$$Ar \longrightarrow [(C)_{0,1}-O-(CR_2)_{ij_u}]$$

wherein each R is independently as defined above, t falls in the range of 2 up to 10, u is 1, 2 or 3, and Ar is as defined above, as well as mixtures of any two or more thereof.

- 14. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein said cure initiator is a free-radical cure initiator.
- 15. (Original) The adhesive composition according to claim 14, wherein said freeradical cure initiator is a member selected from the group consisting of peroxy ester, peroxy carbonate, hydroperoxide, alkylperoxide, arylperoxide, or azo compound.
- 16. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 1, wherein said composition comprises in the range of about 1 wt% up to about 95 wt% at least one maleimide-containing monomer, in the range of about 0.2 wt% up to about 2.0 wt% at least one cure initiator, and in the range of about 1 wt% up to about 95 wt% at least one spacer constructed from one or more organic polymers.
- 17. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 16, wherein said composition comprise in the range of about 1 wt% up to about 50 wt% at least one spacer constructed from one or more organic polymers.
- 18. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 17, wherein said composition comprises in the range of about 1 wt% up to about 10 wt% at least one spacer constructed from one or more organic polymers.
- 19. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 1, further comprising at least one coupling agent.

- 20. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 1, further comprising at least one filler different from the spacer constructed from one or more organic polymers.
- 21. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 20, wherein said filler is conductive.
- 22. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 20, wherein said filler is electrically conductive.
- 23. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 20, wherein said filler is thermally conductive.
- 24. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 20, wherein said filler is non-conductive.
- 25. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 20, wherein said filler is a perfluorinated hydrocarbon polymer.
- 26. (Original) An adhesive composition according to claim 20, wherein said filler is present in the range of about 1 wt % up to about 95 wt%.
- 27. (Original) An adhesive composition comprising in the range of about 1 wt % up to about 95 wt% at least one maleimide-containing monomer, in the range of about 0.2 wt % up to about 2.0 wt % at least one cure initiator, in the range of about 0.5 wt % up to about 5 wt % at least one coupling agent, in the range of about 1 wt % up to about 95 wt% at least one filler, and in the range of about 1 wt% up to about 50 wt% spacer constructed from one or more organic polymers.

- 28. (Original) A method for creating a substantially uniform bond line between a device and a substrate, said method comprising subjecting a sufficient quantity of an adhesive formulation according to claim 1 positioned between said substrate and said device to conditions suitable to cure said adhesive formulation, wherein said spacers control bond line thickness between said device and said substrate.
- 29. (Original) The method according to claim 28, wherein said bond line thickness is determined by the size of said spacers.
- 30. (Original) The method according to claim 28, wherein said device is a semiconductor die.
- 31. (Original) A method for controlling adhesive gap thickness between a device and a substrate, said method comprising subjecting a sufficient quantity of an adhesive formulation according to claim 1 positioned between said substrate and said device to conditions suitable to cure said adhesive formulation, wherein said spacers control adhesive gap thickness between said device and said substrate.
- 32. (Original) A method for maintaining planarity across an adhesive bond line, said method comprising subjecting a sufficient quantity of an adhesive formulation according to claim 1 positioned between a substrate and a device to conditions suitable to cure said adhesive formulation, wherein said spacers maintain planarity across the bond line between said device and said substrate.
- 33. (Original) The method according to claim 31, wherein said device is a semiconductor die.

- 34. (Original) A method for creating substantially uniform bond lines between at least two semiconductor dice attached to a substrate in a stacked arrangement, said method comprising subjecting a sufficient quantity of an adhesive formulation according to claim 1 positioned between said substrate and each of said dice to conditions suitable to cure said adhesive formulation.
- 35. (Original) A method for adhesively attaching at least two semiconductor dice to a substrate in a stacked arrangement without the need for a spacer die, said method comprising subjecting a sufficient quantity of an adhesive formulation according to claim 1 positioned between said substrate and each of said dice to conditions suitable to cure said adhesive formulation.
- 36. (Original) A method for controlling bond line thickness between semiconductor dice in an assembly comprising a plurality of semiconductor dice in a stacked arrangement, said method comprising subjecting a sufficient quantity of an adhesive formulation according to claim I positioned between each of said dice to conditions suitable to cure said adhesive formulation.
- 37. (Original) An assembly comprising a first article adhered to a second article by a cured aliquot of the adhesive composition according to claim 1.
- 38. (Currently amended) A-bond line in an assembly wherein said An assembly comprises comprising at least one semiconductor die, at least one substrate, and an adhesive composition positioned forming a bond line therebetween, wherein the thickness of said bond line is determined by a plurality of spacers in said adhesive formulation.
- 39. (Currently amended) A bond line An assembly according to claim 38, wherein the thickness of said bond line is in the range of about 3 mils up to about 6 mils.

- 40. (Currently amended) An adhesive composition according to claim 1 comprising at least one maleimide-containing monomer, optionally at least one cure initiator, and a plurality of spacers constructed from one or more organic polymers, wherein said spacers constructed from one or more organic polymers include at least one reactive moiety.
- 41. (Original) A die-attach paste comprising an adhesive composition according to claim 1, and optionally a filler different from said spacers constructed from one or more organic polymers.
- 42. (Original) An assembly comprising a substrate and plurality of semiconductor dice positioned on said substrate in a stacked arrangement, wherein each of said semiconductor die is adhered to either the substrate or another die by a cured aliquot of the adhesive composition according to claim 1.

(New) An adhesive composition comprising at least one maleimide-containing monomer, optionally at least one cure initiator, and a plurality of spacers constructed from one or more organic polymers, wherein said spacers have a particle size in the range of about 0.02 mils up to about 25 mils.

(New) An adhesive composition comprising at least one maleimide-containing monomer, optionally at least one cure initiator, and a plurality of spacers constructed from one or more organic polymers, wherein said organic polymers are polymerization or copolymerization products of α -olefins, (meth)acrylates, vinyl esters, acrylamides, or acrylonitriles.